REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE ROWAN COUNTY SHERIFF

For The Year Ended December 31, 2007



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE ROWAN COUNTY SHERIFF

For The Year Ended December 31, 2007

The Auditor of Public Accounts has completed the Rowan County Sheriff's audit for the year ended December 31, 2007. Based upon the audit work performed, the financial statement presents fairly, in all material respects, the revenues, expenditures, and excess fees in conformity with the regulatory basis of accounting.

Financial Condition:

Excess fees increased by \$43,839 from the prior year, resulting in excess fees of \$105,406 as of December 31, 2007. Revenues increased by \$11,601 from the prior year and expenditures decreased by \$32,238.

Debt Obligations:

Total debt principal as of December 31, 2007, was \$47,231.

Report Comment:

The Sheriff's Office Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties

Deposits:

The Sheriff's deposits as of December 12, 2007 were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

• Uncollateralized and Uninsured \$1,666,715

The Sheriff's deposits were covered by FDIC insurance and a properly executed collateral security agreement, but the bank did not adequately collateralize the Sheriff's deposits in accordance with the security agreement.

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The Honorable Jim Nickell, Rowan County Judge/Executive The Honorable Jack Carter, Rowan County Sheriff Members of the Rowan County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying statement of revenues, expenditures, and excess fees regulatory basis of the Sheriff of Rowan County, Kentucky, for the year ended December 31, 2007. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Sheriff. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the Audit Guide for County Fee Officials issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 1, the Sheriff's office prepares the financial statement on a regulatory basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the revenues, expenditures, and excess fees of the Sheriff for the year ended December 31, 2007, in conformity with the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated September 26, 2008 on our consideration of the Rowan County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.



The Honorable Jim Nickell, Rowan County Judge/Executive The Honorable Jack Carter, Rowan County Sheriff Members of the Rowan County Fiscal Court

Based on the results of our audit, we have presented the accompanying comment and recommendation, included herein, which discusses the following report comment:

The Sheriff's Office Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Sheriff and Fiscal Court of Rowan County, Kentucky, and the Commonwealth of Kentucky and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these interested parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

September 26, 2008

ROWAN COUNTY JACK CARTER, SHERIFF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2007

Revenues

Federal Grants		\$ 28,100
State - Kentucky Law Enforcement Foundation Program Fund		35,427
State Fees For Services: Finance and Administration Cabinet Cabinet For Health and Family Services	\$ 114,629 49,525	164,154
Circuit Court Clerk:		
Fines and Fees Collected		265
Fiscal Court		92,104
County Clerk - Delinquent Taxes		3,058
Commission On Taxes Collected		288,863
Fees Collected For Services:		
Auto Inspections	7,090	
Serving Papers	36,120	
Carrying Concealed Deadly Weapon Permits	2,545	
10% Add-On Fees	38,030	
Miscellaneous	 4,244	88,029
Interest Earned		473
Borrowed Money:		
State Advancement		113,052
Total Revenues		813,525

ROWAN COUNTY

JACK CARTER, SHERIFF

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended December 31, 2007 (Continued)

Expenditures

Operating Expenditures and Capital Outlay:				
Personnel Services-				
Deputies' Salaries			\$ 161,940	
Part-Time Salaries			76,197	
Other Salaries			85,875	
Overtime			25,355	
Employee Benefits-				
Employer's Share Social Security			32,192	
Contracted Services-				
Other			3,980	
Advertising			3,702	
Materials and Supplies-				
Office Materials and Supplies			9,265	
Uniforms			9,639	
Other Charges-				
Conventions and Travel			7,000	
Dues			495	
Postage			5,985	
Cell Phone/Radio/Pager			6,195	
Bond			102	
Paper Service To Fiscal Court			9,150	
Computer Software			3,478	
Equipment			3,912	
Miscellaneous			5,402	
Auto Expense-				
Maintenance and Repairs			43,934	
Capital Outlay-				
Office Furniture			1,793	
Debt Service:				
State Advancement	\$	113,052		
Vehicle Lease	Ψ	17,091		
Vehicle Equipment		2,801	132,944	
· emete Equipment		<u></u>	102,017	•
Total Expenditures				\$ 628,535

ROWAN COUNTY

JACK CARTER, SHERIFF

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended December 31, 2007 (Continued)

Net Revenues	\$ 184,990
Less: Statutory Maximum	 76,197
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Excess Fees	108,793
Less: Training Incentive Benefit	3,387
Excess Fees Due County for 2007	105,406
Payments to Fiscal Court - February 19, 2008 \$ 101,411	
- September 26, 2008 3,995	 105,406
Balance Due Fiscal Court at Completion of Audit	\$ 0

ROWAN COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

December 31, 2007

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Fund Accounting

A fee official uses a fund to report on the results of operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

A fee official uses a fund for fees to account for activities for which the government desires periodic determination of the excess of revenues over expenditures to facilitate management control, accountability, and compliance with laws.

B. Basis of Accounting

KRS 64.820 directs the fiscal court to collect any amount, including excess fees, due from the Sheriff as determined by the audit. KRS 134.310 requires the Sheriff to settle excess fees with the fiscal court at the time he files his final settlement with the fiscal court.

The financial statement has been prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky and is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this regulatory basis of accounting revenues and expenditures are generally recognized when cash is received or disbursed with the exception of accrual of the following items (not all-inclusive) at December 31 that may be included in the excess fees calculation:

- Interest receivable
- Collection on accounts due from others for 2007 services
- Reimbursements for 2007 activities
- Tax commissions due from December tax collections
- Payments due other governmental entities for payroll
- Payments due vendors for goods or services provided in 2007

The measurement focus of a fee official is upon excess fees. Remittance of excess fees is due to the County Treasurer in the subsequent year.

C. Cash and Investments

At the direction of the fiscal court, KRS 66.480 authorizes the Sheriff's office to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

ROWAN COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT December 31, 2007 (Continued)

Note 2. Employee Retirement System

The county officials and employees have elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan that covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members.

Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute. Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5.0 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 13.19 percent for the first six months and 16.17 percent for the last six months of the year. Hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 28.21 percent for the first six months and 33.87 percent for the last six months of the year.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55.

Historical trend information pertaining to CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report which is a matter of public record. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

Note 3. Deposits

The Rowan County Sheriff maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the Sheriff and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the Sheriff's deposits may not be returned. The Sheriff does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240(4). As of December 31, 2007, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement. However, as of December 12, 2007, public funds were exposed to custodial credit risk because the bank did not adequately collateralize the Sheriff's deposits in accordance with the security agreement.

ROWAN COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT December 31, 2007 (Continued)

Note 4. Leases

- A. On October 23, 2003, the Rowan County Sheriff's office entered into a lease agreement with Ford Motor Company to lease a 2004 Ford Crown Victoria. The agreement requires 48 equal monthly payments of \$482 including interest, to be paid in full on October 23, 2007. As of December 31, 2007, this lease was \$0.
- B. On December 7, 2004, the Rowan County Sheriff's office entered into a lease agreement with U.S. Bank to lease a 2005 Ford Explorer. The agreement requires 60 equal monthly payments of \$458 to be paid in full on December 30, 2009. As of December 31, 2007, the principal balance outstanding was \$10,992.
- C. On January 11, 2006, the Rowan County Sheriff's office entered into a leas agreement with Xerox to lease a copy machine as well as provide maintenance and supplies for the machine for the Sheriff's office. The agreement requires 60 monthly base payments of \$204 plus additional charges if the maximum number of copies is exceeded. As of December 31, 2007, a principal balance outstanding was \$5,806.
- D. On December 19, 2006, the Rowan County Sheriff's office entered into a lease-purchase agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT) for a 2002 Mercury Grand Marquis and a 2007 Ford Crown Victoria. The lease term is four years with principal due each January starting in January 2008, and is to be paid in full on January 20, 2011. As of December 31, 2007, the principal outstanding was \$30,433.

Note 5. Federal Grant

The Rowan County Sheriff's office was awarded a Domestic Violence Enforcement Grant in the amount of \$28,192. During 2007, funds totaling \$28,100 were received and expended. The remaining funds not used by the Sheriff's office as of December 31, 2007 were considered forfeited and are no longer available.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Jim Nickell, Rowan County Judge/Executive The Honorable Jack Carter, Rowan County Sheriff Members of the Rowan County Fiscal Court

> Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the statement of revenues, expenditures, and excess fees - regulatory basis of the Rowan County Sheriff for the year ended December 31, 2007, and have issued our report thereon dated September 26, 2008. The Sheriff's financial statement is prepared in accordance with a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Rowan County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statement that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control over financial reporting. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying comment and recommendation to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting.

The Sheriff's Office Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties



Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (Continued)

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statement will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we do not believe that the significant deficiency described above is a material weakness.

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Rowan County Sheriff's financial statement for the year ended December 31, 2007, is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

The Rowan County Sheriff's response to the finding identified in our audit is included in the accompanying comment and recommendation. We did not audit the Sheriff's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

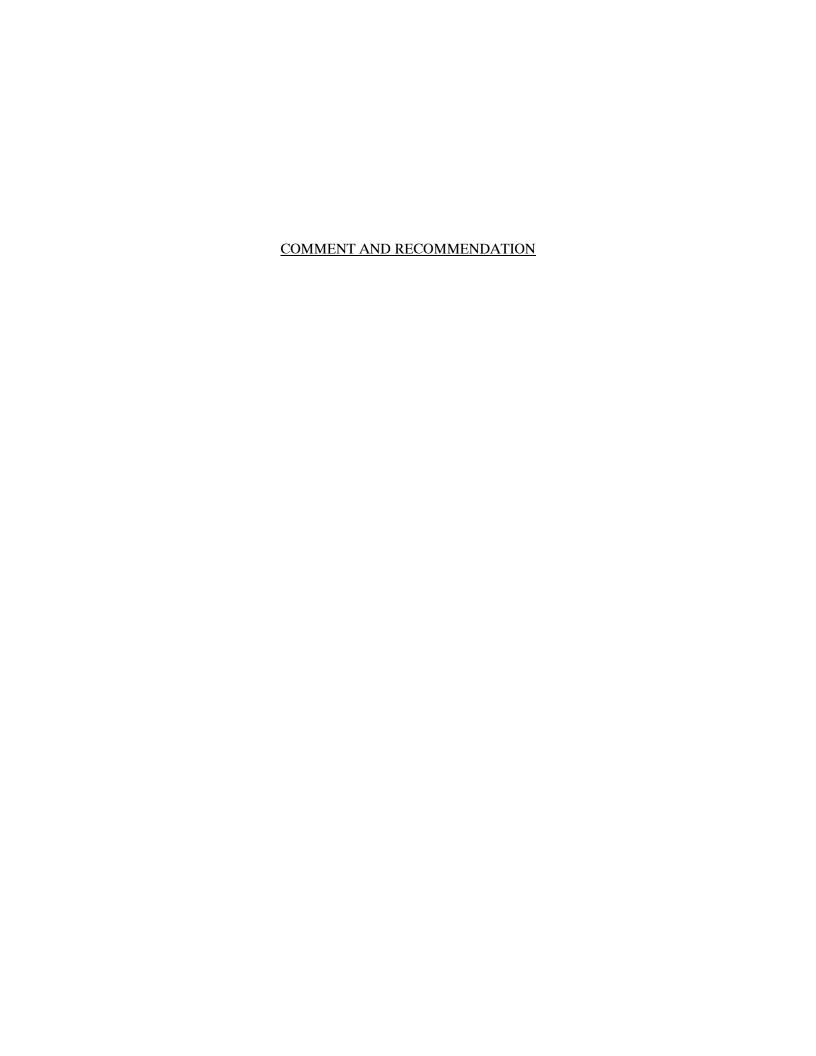
This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Rowan County Fiscal Court, and the Department for Local Government and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

September 26, 2008



ROWAN COUNTY JACK CARTER, SHERIFF COMMENT AND RECOMMENDATION

For The Year Ended December 31, 2007

INTERNAL CONTROL - SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY:

The Sheriff's Office Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties

The Office Manager records transactions, prepares deposits, reconciles the bank account, and often collects receipts. Good internal controls dictate that the same person should not perform these functions. There may be no way to fully eliminate this control deficiency due to budgetary constraints that limit the number of employees that the Sheriff can hire. The Sheriff could, however, implement some compensating controls such as having another office employee or himself perform some reviews of these duties. Further, the Sheriff or the other employee would need to document the review of monthly reports and bank reconciliations and the periodic recounting and depositing of cash. This could be done by initialing the documents. We recommend the Sheriff develop compensating internal controls to offset this deficiency.

Sheriff's Response: We are working on this.